

References

Z-7

Deep brain stimulation

1. Kim JH, Chang WS, Jng HH, et al. Effect of subthalamic deep brain stimulation on levodopa-induced dyskinesia in Parkinson's disease. *YMJ*. 2015;56(5):1316-1321.
2. Charles D, Konrad PE, Neimat JS, et al. Subthalamic nucleus deep brain stimulation in early stage Parkinson's disease. *Parkinsonism Relat Disord*. 2014;20(7):731-737.

Transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulation (TENS)

1. Bjerså K and Andersson T. High frequency TENS as a complement for pain relief in postoperative transition from epidural to general analgesia after pancreatic resection. *Complementary Therapies in Clinical Practice*. 2014;20(1):5-10.
2. Palmer S, Domaille M, Cramp F, et al. Transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulation as an adjunct to education and exercise for knee osteoarthritis: A randomized controlled trial. *Arthritis Care & Research*. 2014;66(3):387-394
3. Johnson M. Transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulation: Review of effectiveness. *Nursing Standards*. 2014;28(40):44-53.
4. Noehren B, Dailey D, Rakel B, et al. Effect of transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulation on pain, function, and quality of life in fibromyalgia: A double-blind randomized clinical trial. *Journal of the American Physical Therapy Association*. 2015;95(1):129-140.
5. Vitalli C, Oleg C. The efficiency of transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulation in association with gabapentin in the treatment of neuropathic pain in patients with spinal cord injury. *Rom J of Neuro*. 2014;193-196.

Percutaneous electrical nerve stimulation (PENS)

1. National Institute for Health and Clinical Excellence Interventional Procedure Guidance 450. NICE website. Percutaneous electrical nerve stimulation for refractory neuropathic pain.

Vagus nerve stimulation

1. Martelletti P, Jensen RH, Antal A, et al. Neuromodulation of chronic headaches: Position statement from the European Headache Federation. *The Journal of Headache Pain*. 2013;14:86.
2. Ben-Menachem E, Revesz D, Simon BJ, et al. Surgically implanted and non-invasive vagus nerve stimulation: A review of efficacy, safety and tolerability. *Eur J of Neuro*. 2015; 22(9):1260-1268.
3. Wasade VS, Schultz L, Mohanarangan K, et al. Long-term seizure and psychosocial outcomes of vagus nerve stimulation for intractable epilepsy. *E&B*. 2015;53:31-36.
4. Gaul C, Diener HC, Silver N, et al. Non-invasive vagus nerve stimulation for PREvention and Acute treatment of chronic cluster headache (PREVA): a randomised controlled study. *Cephalalgia*. 2016;36(6):534-546.
5. Miller S, Sinclair AJ, Davies B, Matharu M. Neurostimulation in the treatment of primary headaches. *practNeurol*. 2016;16(5):362-375. doi: 10.1136/practneurol-2015-001298

6. Silberstein SD, Mechtler LL, Kudrow DB, et al. Non-invasive vagus nerve stimulation for the ACute Treatment of cluster headache: findings from the randomized, double-blind, sham-controlled ACT1 study. *Headache*. 2016;56(8):1317-1332.

Occipital nerve stimulation

1. Dodick DW, Silberstein SD, Reed KL, et al. Safety and efficacy of peripheral nerve stimulation of the occipital nerves for the management of chronic migraine: Long-term results from a randomized, multicenter, double-blinded, controlled study. *IHS*. 2014;35(4):344-358.
2. Chen YF, Bramley G, Unwin G, et al. Occipital Nerve Stimulation for Chronic Migraine- A systematic review and meta-analysis. *PLoS ONE*. 2015;10(3):1-16.

HF10 Therapy (Senza)

1. Kapural L, Yu C, Doust MW, et al. Novel 10-kHz high-frequency therapy (HF10 Therapy) is superior to traditional low-frequency spinal cord stimulation for the treatment of chronic back and leg pain: The SENZA-RCT Randomized Controlled Trial. *JASA*. 2015;123:851-860.
2. Russo M, Van Buyten J-P. 10-kHz high-frequency scs therapy: A clinical summary. *Pain Med*. 2014;16(5):934-942.
3. Perruchoud C. Paraesthesia-free spinal cord stimulation: The future, or a phase? *NeuroNews*. 2016;1-2.