Pharmacy Policy Bulletin: J-0797 Primary Axillary Hyperhidrosis – Commercial and Healthcare Reform				
Number: J-0797			Category: Prior Authorization	
Line(s) of Business:			Benefit(s):	
□ Commercial □ Commercial			Commercial:	
			Prior Authorization (1. or 2.):	
☐ Medicare			 Other Managed Prior Authorization = 	
_ Wicdicare			Yes w/ Prior Authorization [Qbrexza]	
			2. Miscellaneous Specialty Drugs Oral =	
			Yes w/ Prior Authorization [Sofdra]	
			Healthcare Reform: Not Applicable	
Region(s):			Additional Restriction(s):	
× All			None	
□ Delaware			Tions	
□ New York				
☐ Pennsylvania				
☐ West Virginia			O	
Version: J-0797-011			Original Date: 11/07/2018	
Effective Date: 10/08/2025			Review Date: 09/17/2025	
Drugs	•	Sofdra (sofpironium)		
Product(s):	•	Qbrexza (glycopyrronium)		
FDA-	•	Topical treatment of primary axillary hyperhidrosis in adults and pediatric patients		
Approved		9 years of age and older		
Indication(s):				
Background:	•		anticholinergic agents that inhibit the action of lands, thereby reducing sweating.	
	•	,	tion of extreme sweating and affects 4.8% of the U.S.	
			ately 15.3 million individuals. Primary (idiopathic)	
			t common form and involves excessive sympathetic	
			multiple areas such as the axillae, soles, palms, or face.	
			erhidrosis is due to unknown causes and is not ying health condition (e.g., obesity, diabetes,	
		hyperthyroidism, gout).	mig ricular container (e.g., escent), alasetes,	
	•	Severity of hyperhidrosis can be defined by the Hyperhidrosis Disease Severity		
		Scale (HDSS):	over nationable and never interfered with my daily	
		activities	ever noticeable and never interferes with my daily	
			olerable but sometimes interferes with my daily activities	
			arely tolerable and frequently interferes with my daily	
		activities	tolerable and always interferes with my daily activities	
	•		ndicate mild to moderate hyperhidrosis. Scores of 3 or 4	
		indicate severe hyperhid		
	•	The International Hyperh	nidrosis Society recommends starting treatment with	
			ength" antiperspirants (active ingredient often zirconium	
		salts) and then prescripti	ion products (active ingredient often aluminum chloride	

- hexahydrate). Glycopyrronium cloth (or anticholinergics) can be a first-line alternative to topical antiperspirant therapy if excessive sweating is caused by anxiety-provoking situations (e.g., work presentations).
- Acceptable prescription strength aluminum compounds include prescription and over-the-counter (OTC) antiperspirants. The maximum percentage the FDA allows in OTC antiperspirants is 25% aluminum. The only prescription option available is Drysol 20%. OTC antiperspirants with prescription strength include Xerac AC, Certain DRI, Secret Clinical Strength, Degree Clinical Antiperspirant, Dove Clinical Protection, Gillette Clinical, Odaban, Driclor, ZeroSweat, SweatBlock, DuraDry, and Carpe.
- Prescribing Considerations:
 - Patients should be educated on Sofdra and Qbrexza regarding the application time and technique in order to maximize efficacy and minimize side effects.
 - Sofdra and Qbrexza should be used with caution in patients with a history of urinary retention.
 - Sofdra and Qbrexza are contraindicated in patients with medical conditions that can be exacerbated by anticholinergic effects (e.g., glaucoma, paralytic ileus, unstable cardiovascular status in acute hemorrhage, severe ulcerative colitis, toxic megacolon complicating ulcerative colitis, myasthenia gravis, and Sjogren's syndrome).
 - Patients should avoid use if they develop a generalized lack of sweating when exposed to hot or very warm temperatures.
 - Blurred vision may occur. Patients should be educated to avoid driving until the effects of Sofdra or Qbrexza are realized.
 - Sofdra or Qbrexza should not be used in combination with other anticholinergic-containing medications due to an increased risk of anticholinergic side effects.

Approval Criteria

I. Initial Authorization

When a benefit, coverage of Sofdra or Qbrexza may be approved when all of the following criteria are met (A. through D.):

- **A.** The member is 9 years of age or older.
- B. The member has a diagnosis of primary axillary hyperhidrosis. (ICD-10: L74.510)
- **C.** The member has a Hyperhidrosis Disease Severity Scale (HDSS) score of 3 or 4.
- **D.** The member has experienced therapeutic failure, contraindication, or intolerance to at least one (1) plan-preferred topical aluminum chloride 20% product.

II. Reauthorization

When a benefit, reauthorization of Sofdra or Qbrexza may be approved when the following criterion is met (A.):

- **A.** The prescriber attests that the member has experienced a reduction in sweat production defined as a HDSS score of 2 or lower.
- **III.** An exception to some or all of the criteria above may be granted for select members and/or circumstances based on state and/or federal regulations.

Limitations of Coverage

I. Coverage of drug(s) addressed in this policy for disease states outside of the FDA-approved indications should be denied based on the lack of clinical data to support effectiveness and safety in other conditions unless otherwise noted in the approval criteria.

II. For Commercial or HCR members with a closed formulary, a non-formulary product will only be approved if the member meets the criteria for a formulary exception in addition to the criteria outlined within this policy.

Authorization Duration

Initial Authorization

Commercial and HCR Plans: If approved, up to a 6 month authorization may be granted.
 Note: For Delaware Commercial fully-insured and ACA members, a 12 month authorization must be granted pursuant to 18 Del. C. §§3376(a) and 3586(a) and market conduct examination docket #5467 (Exam Authority #53287-22-701).

Reauthorization

Commercial and HCR Plans: If approved, up to a 12 month authorization may be granted.

Automatic Approval Criteria

None.

References:

- 1. Qbrexza [package insert]. Menlo Park, CA: Dermira; October 2022.
- 2. Sofdra [package insert]. Wayne, PA: Botanix SB Inc. June 2024.
- 3. Treatment Overview. International Hyperhidrosis Society. Available at: https://www.sweathelp.org/treatments-hcp/treatment-overview.html. Accessed July 2, 2025.
- Diagnosis Guidelines. International Hyperhidrosis Society. Available at: https://www.sweathelp.org/treatments-hcp/clinical-guidelines/primary-focal-hyperhidrosis/primary-focal-axillary.html. Accessed July 2, 2025.
- 5. Hyperhidrosis Disease Severity Scale. International Hyperhidrosis Society. Available at: https://www.sweathelp.org/pdf/HDSS.pdf. Accessed July 2, 2025.
- Glaser DA, Hebert AA, Nast A, et al. Topical Glycopyrronium Tosylate for the Treatment of Primary Axillary Hyperhidrosis: Results from the ATMOS-1 and ATMOS-2 Phase 3 Randomized Controlled Trials. Am Acad Dermatol. 2018.
- 7. CFR-Code of Federal Regulations Title 21. FDA. Available at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfcfr/CFRSearch.cfm?CFRPart=350&showFR=1. Accessed July 2, 2025.
- 8. Over the Counter Antiperspirants: A Brief Guide. Hyperhidrosis Network. Available at: https://hyperhidrosisnetwork.com/over-the-counter-antiperspirants-a-brief-guide/. Accessed July 2, 2025.

Pharmacy policies do not constitute medical advice, nor are they intended to govern physicians' prescribing or the practice of medicine. They are intended to reflect the plan's coverage and reimbursement guidelines. Coverage may vary for individual members, based on the terms of the benefit contract.